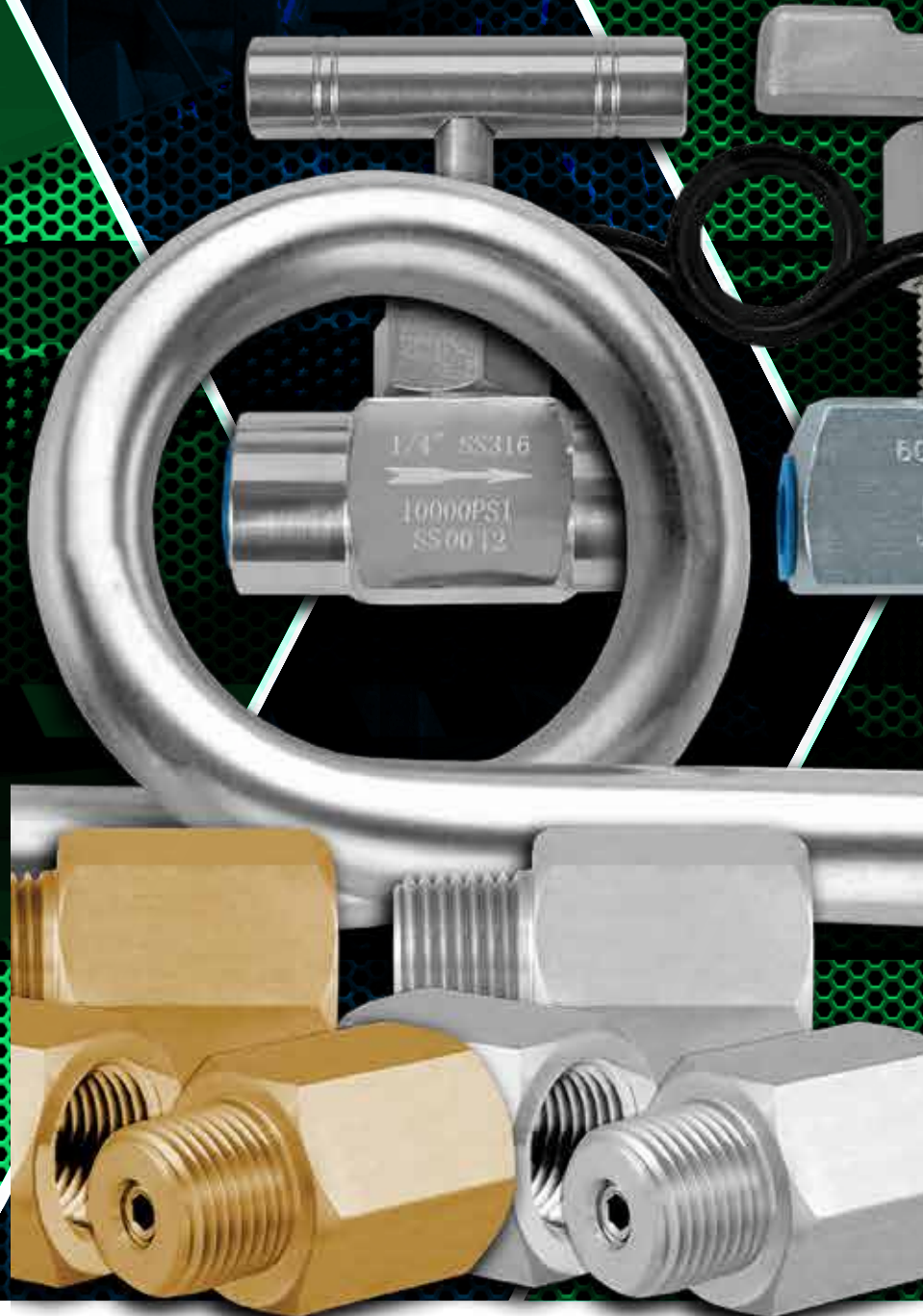


CAT 3

24

PIGTAIL & COIL SIPHONS  
PRESSURE SURGE & SHOCK SNUBBERS  
FULL SIZE & MINI NEEDLE VALVES

# SIPHONS / SNUBBERS / NEEDLE VALVES



**SF SEALFAST**  
THE SIMPLE SOLUTION



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TERMS OF SALE

DISCLAIMERS

TERMS:

1/2% 10 Days, net 30 Days

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Orders will be accepted subject to delays caused by accident, strike, fire or other causes beyond the control of the seller including failure of seller's suppliers to deliver. Prices, discounts and other specifications are subject to change without notice. All prices are subject to any applicable taxes imposed. The possessions of this price schedule is not to be construed as an offer to sell at the prices shown. Special price for volume quotes will be accepted in writing only.

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Extra care is taken in the preparation of this literature but Seal Fast, Inc. is not responsible for any inadvertent typographical errors or omissions.

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SEAL FAST, INC.  
5603 Harvey Wilson Dr.  
Houston, TX 77020

(713) 675-6324 or 800-231-0734 | FAX (713) 675-0146 or 800-681-1515 | E-mail sales@sealfast.com

PORTER ASSOCIATES  
1150 Boot Road  
Unit 1  
Downingtown, PA 19335  
(610) 518-2301

ASPEN MARKETING, INC  
5160 Fox Street  
Denver, CO 80216  
(303) 455-8175  
(303) 477-6504 Fax

THE WAGNER GROUP  
125 State St.  
P O Box 1683  
Elkhart, IN 46516  
(574) 294-2769  
(574) 522-2083 Fax

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Product Images

- Seal Fast makes every reasonable effort to show accurate product representation, however pictures are for reference only, and do not necessarily reflect the exact product you will receive.
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- We reserve the right to alter product specifications without notice.

Product Usage

- Our Sales Team will do their best to assist in choosing the best product for a particular application. However, it is ultimately the customer's responsibility to determine the correct product for the correct application.
- Seal Fast will not be held liable for the abuse or misuse of our products in a manner in which they are not designed.
- Seal Fast cannot guarantee the integrity of an assembly if other manufacturers parts are used.

Product Availability

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Product Pricing

- Seal Fast is constantly doing our best to maintain pricing levels. However, circumstances change and while many prices go down, others will increase.
- Please contact your sales associate for current pricing.

GAUGES / SIPHONS

PIGTAIL - STEAM GAUGE

► For Vertical Use



Connection Size	Material	Max PSI	Temp. ° F	Part #	List
1/4"	Sch 40 Brass	250	400	4201779	
1/4"	Sch 40 Steel	500	400	4201787	
1/4"	Sch 80 Steel	800	400	4201788	
1/4"	Sch 40 316SS	500	400	4201761	
1/2"	Sch 80 Steel	800	400	4201789	

COIL - STEAM GAUGE

► For Horizontal Use



Connection Size	Material	Max PSI	Temp. ° F	Part #	List
1/4"	Brass	250	400	4201809	
1/4"	Sch 40 Steel	500	400	4201817	
1/4"	Sch 80 Steel	800	400	4201825	
1/2"	Sch 80 Steel	800	400	4201833	

NEEDLE VALVES

FULL SIZE

► 316 SS: Designed for applications where caustic liquids & corrosive media are common.

Carbon Steel: Designed for applications where non corrosive media are used, air, water and oil.



FULL SIZE 6K



FULL SIZE 10K

		Nylon Seat Valves Alloy Steel				Nylon Seat Valves 316 SS						Hard Seat Valves Alloy Steel				Hard Seat Valves 316 SS			
Size	Details	6,000								10,000									
		CARBON STEEL				STAINLESS STEEL				CARBON STEEL				STAINLESS STEEL					
		Part #		List		Part #		List		Part #		List		Part #		List			
1/4"																			
	F x F	NVC4F4F-6				NVS4F4F-6					NVC4F4F-1				NVS4F4F-1				
	M x F	NVC4M4F-6				NVS4M4F-6					NVC4M4F-1				NVS4M4F-1				
	M x F Angle	NVCA4M4F-6				NVSA4MAF-6					NVCA4M4F-1				NVSA4M4F-1				
3/8"																			
	F x F	---				NVS6F6F-6					---				---				
	M x F	---				NVS6M6F-6					---				---				
1/2"																			
	F x F	NVC8F8F-6				NVS8F8F-6					NVC8F8F-1				NVS8F8F-1				
	M x F	NVC8M8F-6				NVS8M8F-6					NVC8M8F-1				NVS8M8F-1				
	M x F Angle	NVCA8M8F-6				NVSA8M8F-6					NVCA8M8F-1				NVSA8M8F-1				
3/4"																			
	F x F	NVC12F12F-6				NVS12F12F-6					NVC12F12F-1				NVS12F12F-1				
	M x F	NVC12M12F-6				NVS12M12F-6					NVC12M12F-1				NVS12M12F-1				
1"																			
	F x F	NVC16F16F-6				NVS16F16F-6					NVC16F16F-1				NVS16F16F-1				
	M x F	NVC16M16F-6				NVS16M16F-6					NVC16M16F-1				NVS16M16F-1				

MINI

		Nylon Seat Valves Alloy Steel		Nylon Seat Valves 316 SS	
Size	Details	6,000			
		CARBON STEEL		STAINLESS STEEL	
		Part #	List	Part #	List
1/4"					
	F x F	NVCM4F4F		NVSM4F4F	
	M x F	NVCM4M4F		NVSM4M4F	
1/2"					
	M x F	NVCM8M8F		NVSM8M8F	



MINI 6K

PRESSURE SNUBBERS - PRESSURE SURGE & SHOCK SNUBBERS



Connection Size	Material	Max PSI	Part #	List
1/4"	Brass	3,000	MODEL 010B	
1/4"	303SS	5,000	MODEL 010S	
1/2"	Brass	5,000	MODEL 060B	
1/2"	303SS	5,000	MODEL 060S	
3/8"	Brass	5,000	MODEL 050B	



TECHNICAL DATA

CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COUPLING MATERIALS

**CAUTION:** The following data has been compiled from generally available sources end should not be relied upon without consulting and following the specific recommendations of the manufacturer regarding particular coupling materials.

<b>RATINGS:</b> 1. Excellent 2. Good	3. Fair Conditional x. Not Satisfactory	<b>NOTES:</b> No rating indicates no data available
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AGENT	Mall. From Steel	Brass	Bronze	Aluminum	Glass	Stainless 410, 416, 430	Stainless 302, 202, 304, 308	Stainless 316	Monel
Acetate, Solvents, Crude		3				2	1	1	2
Acetate, Solvents, Pure		1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Acetic Acid	X	X	X	2	1	X	2	2	2
Acetic Acid Vapor	X	X		3		X	2	2	3
Acetic Anhydride	X	X		2		X	2	2	2
Acetone	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Acetylene	1	2		1		1	1	1	2
Alcohols	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Aluminum Sulfate	X	3	3	3	1	X	3	2	2
Alums	X	3	2	3	1	X	3	2	2
Ammonia Gas	1	X	3	1	3	1	1	1	X
Ammonium Chloride	1	3		1*		3	3	1	1
Ammonium Hydroxide	2	X		2		1	1	1	3
Ammonium Nitrate	1	X		2		1	1	1	3
Ammonium Phosphate (Ammoniacal)		X				1	1	1	2
Ammonium Phosphate (Neutral)		3				1	1	1	2
Ammonium Phosphate (Acid)		3				3	2	1	2
Ammonium Sulfate	1	3				2	1	1	2
Asphalt	1	2				2	1	1	1
Beer	2	2	1	1		X	1	1	1
Beet SugarLiquors	1	2		1		2	1	1	1
Benzene, Benzol	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Benzine (petroleum-naphtha)	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Borax	2	2				1	1	1	1
Boric Acid	X	3		1		3	2	1	1
Butane, Butylene	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Butadiene		1				1	1	1	1
Calcium Bisulfate		X				X	2	1	X
Calcium Hypochlorite	3	3	3	X	3	X	3	2	3
Cane Sugar Liquors	1	2		1		2	1	1	1
Carbon Dioxide (Dry)	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Carbon Dioxide (Wet & Aqueous Sol)	2	3		2		2	1	1	2
Carbon Disulfide	2	3		2		2	1	1	3
Carbon Tetrachloride	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
Chlorine (Dry)	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
Chlorine (Wet)	X	X	3	X	2	X	X	3	3
Chromic Acid		X	X	X	1	3	2	2	3
Citric Acid	X	3		1		3	X	1	2
Coke Oven Gas	1	3		2		1	1	1	2
Copper Sulfate	X	X		X		1	1	1	3
Core Oils		1	1			1	1	1	1
Cottonseed Oil	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Creosote	2	3		1		1	1	1	1
Ethers	2	1		1		1	1	1	1
Ethylene Glycol	2	2				1	1	1	1
Ferric Chloride	X	X	X	X	1	X	X	X	X
Ferric Sulfate	X	X		X		1	1	1	3
Formaldehyde	2	2		2		1	1	1	1

TECHNICAL DATA

CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COUPLING MATERIALS

**CAUTION:** The following data has been compiled from generally available sources end should not be relied upon without consulting and following the specific recommendations of the manufacturer regarding particular coupling materials.

<b>RATINGS:</b> 1. Excellent 2. Good	3. Fair Conditional x. Not Satisfactory	<b>NOTES:</b> No rating indicates no data available
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AGENT	Mall. From Steel	Brass	Bronze	Aluminum	Glass	Stainless 410, 416, 430	Stainless 302, 202, 304, 308	Stainless 316	Monel
Formic Acid	X	2		X		X	2	1	2
Freon	3	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Furfural	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Gasoline (Sour)	3	3		3		3	1	1	X
Gasoline (Refined)	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Gelatin	1	3		1		1	1	1	1
Glucose	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Glue	1	3		1		1	1	1	1
Glycerine or Glycerol	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Hydrochloric Acid	X	X	X	X	1	X	X	X	X
Hydrocyanic Acid	3	X		1		3	1	1	2
Hydrofluoric Acid	X	3	3	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hydrogen Fluoride		3				X	X	3	1
Hydrogen	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Hyrogen Peroxide	X	X		1		1	2	1	2
Hydrogen Sulfide (Dry)	3	3		2		3	2	1	3
Hydrogen Sulfide (Wet)	3	3		2		3	2	1	3
Lacquers and Lacquer Solvents	3	2		1		1	1	1	1
Lactic Acid	X			3			3	2	1
Lime-Sulfur	2	X		2		1	1	2	
Linseed Oil	1	1		1			1	1	1
Magnesium Chloride	3	3		X		3	2	1	1
Magnesium Hydroxide	1	2		X		1	1	1	1
Magnesium Sulfate	2	2		3		1	1	1	1
Mercuric Chloride	3	X		X		X	X	3	X
Mercury	1	X		X		1	1	1	2
Milk	3	3		1		2	1	1	3
Molasses	2	X		2		2	1	1	1
Natural Gas	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Nickel Chloride		X		X		X	3	2	2
Nickel Sulfate		3		X		3	2	1	1
Nitric Acid	X	X	X	3	1	2	2	2	X
Oleic Acid	2	3		1		2	2	1	1
Oxalic Acid	3	3		2		3	2	1	1
Oxygen	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Palmitic Acid	1	3		1		2	2	1	1
Petroleum Oils (Sour)		3				3	1	1	X
Petroleum Oils (Refined)	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Phosphoric Acid 25%	3	X		3	3	X	3	1	2
Phosphoric Acid 25-50%	X	X		X	3	X	X	2	2
Phosphoric Acid 50-85%	X	X		X	X	X	X	2	2
Picric Acid	3	X		3		2	1	1	X
Potassium Chloride	2	3		3		3	2	1	1
Potassium Hydroxide	3	X		X		1	1	1	1
Potassium Sulfate	2	2		1		1	1	1	1
Propane	1	1				1	1	1	1
Rosin (Dark)	1	2			1	1	1	1	1
Rosin (Light)		X		1		1	1	1	2

TECHNICAL DATA

CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COUPLING MATERIALS

**CAUTION:** The following data has been compiled from generally available sources end should not be relied upon without consulting and following the specific recommendations of the manufacturer regarding particular coupling materials.

RATINGS: 1. Excellent 2. Good		3. Fair Conditional x. Not Satisfactory		NOTES: No rationg indicates no data available					
AGENT	Mall. From Steel	Brass	Bronze	Aluminum	Glass	Stainless 410, 416, 430	Stainless 302, 202, 304, 308	Stainless 316	Monel
Shellac		2		2		1	1	1	1
Sludge Acid		X				X	X	3	2
Soda Ash (Sodium Carbonate)	1	2		X		1	1	1	1
Sodium Bicarbonate	3	1		X		1	1	1	1
Sodium Bisulfate	X	3		3		X	1	1	1
Sodium Chloride	2	3	2	X	1	3	2	1	1
Sodium Cyanide	2	X		X		1	1	1	2
Sodium Hydroxide	3	X	3	X	X	2	2	2	1
Sodium Hypochlorite	X	X		X		X	3	2	3
Sodium Metaphosphate	X	3		1		2	1	1	1
Sodium Nitrate	1	3		1		1	1	1	1
Sodium Perborate	3	3		1		1	1	1	1
Sodium Peroxide	3	3		1		1	1	1	1
Sodium Phosphate (Alkaline)		3				1	1	1	1
Sodium Phosphate (Neutral)		2				1	1	1	1
Sodium Phosphate (Acid)		2				X	2	1	1
Sodium Silicate	1	3		X		1	1	1	1
Sodium Sulfate	1	2		3		1	1	1	1
Sodium Sulfide	1	X				1	1	1	2
Sodium Thiosulfate (Hypo)	3	X		X		1	1	1	2
Stearic Acid	3	3		3		2	2	1	1
Sulfate Liquors		X				1	1	1	2
Sulfur	2	X		2		2	2	1	3
Sulfur Chloride	X	X				X	3	2	2
Sulfur Dioxide (Dry)	2	1		1		1	1	1	1
Sulfur Dioxide (Wet)		X				X	2	1	X
Sulfuric Acid 10%	X	X	3	3		X	X	2	2
Sulfuric Acid 10-75%	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	2
Sulfuric Acid 75-95%	3	X	X	X		3	3	2	3
Sulfuric Acid 95%	2	X	X			2	2	2	X
Surlfurous Acid	X	X		X		X	3	2	X
Tannic Acid	3	3	1	X			1	1	1
Tar	1	2		1		2	1	1	1
Toluene, Toluol	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Trichlorethylene	3	1		3		1	1	1	1
Turpentine		3		1		3	1	1	1
Varnish	2	2				1	1	1	1
Vegetable Oils	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Vinegar	3	3		3		3	2	1	2
Water (Acid Mine Water)	3	X		3		2	1	1	3
Water (Fresh)	3	1		1		1	1	1	1
Water (Salt)	3	3	2	X		3	2	2	1
Whiskey	X	2				3	1	1	2
Wines	X	2				3	1	1	2
Xylene, Xylol	2	1		1		1	1	1	1
Zinc Chloride	X	X		X		3	2	1	1
Zinc Sulfate	3	3		3		3	2	1	1

TECHNICAL DATA

OIL & GASOLINE RESISTANCE

Rubber hose is used to convey petroleum products both in the crude and refined stages. The aromatic content of re-fined gasoline is often adjusted to control the octane rating. The presence of aromatic hydrocarbons in this fuel generally has a greater effect on rubber components than do aliphatic hydrocarbons. Aromatic materials in contact with rubber tend to soften it and reduce its physical properties. For long lasting service, the buyer of gasoline hose should inform the hose manufacturer of the aromatic content of the fuel to be handled so that the proper tube compound can be recommended for the specific application.

The effects of oil on rubber depend on a number of factors that include the type of rubber compound, the composition of the oil, the temperature and time of exposure. Rubber compounds can be classified as to their degree of oil resistance based on their physical properties after exposure to a standard test fluid. In this RMA classification, the rubber samples are immersed in IRM 903 oil at 100°C for 70 hours. (See ASTM Method D-471 for a detailed description of the oil and the testing procedure.) As a guide to the user of hose in contact with oil, the oil resistance classes and a corresponding description are listed.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AFTER EXPOSURE TO OIL:		
	VOLUME CHANGE MAXIMUM	TENSILE STRENGTH RETAINED
CLASS A (HIGH OIL RESISTANCE).....	+25%	80%
CLASS B (MEDIUM/HIGH OIL RESISTANCE).....	+65%	50%
CLASS C (MEDIUM OIL RESISTANCE).....	+100%	40%

CHEMICAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The materials being handled by flexible rubber hose are constantly increasing in number and diversity. T o assist in the selection of the proper elastomer for the service conditions encountered, the following table has been prepared. The reader is cautioned that it is only a guide and should be used as such, as the degree of resistance of an elastomer with a particular fluid depends upon such variables as temperature, concentration, pressure, velocity of flow, duration of exposure, aeration, stability of the fluid, etc. Also variations in elastomer types and special compounding of stocks to meet specific service conditions have considerable influence on the results obtained. When in doubt, it is always advisable to test the tube compound under actual service conditions. If this is not practical, tests should be devised that simulate service condtions or the hose manufacturer contacted for Recommendations.

The following table lists the more commonly used materials, chemicals, solvents, oils, etc. The recommendation are based on room temperature and pressure conditions normally recommended for the particular type of hose being used. Where conditions beyond this can be met readily, they have been so indicated; where conditions are not normal and cannot be readily met, the hose manufacturer should always be consulted. The table does not imply conformance to the Food & Drug Administration requirements of Federal or State Laws when handling food products.

TABLE OF CHEMICAL, OIL & SOLVENT RESISTANCE OF HOSE:
<b>WARNING:</b> The following data has been compiled from generally available sources and should not be relied upon without consulting and following the hose manufacturer's specific chemical recommendations. Neglecting to do so might result in failure of the hose to fulfill its intended purpose, and may result in possible damage to property and serious bodily injury.

RESISTANCE RATING	RELASTOMERS/PLASTICS	
<b>A</b> - Good Resistance, usually suitable for service.	<b>NR</b> - Natural Rubber	<b>EPDM</b> - Ethylene-propylene-diene-terpolymer
<b>F</b> - Fair Resistance, the chemical has some deteriorative effects, but the elastomer is still adequate for moderate service.	<b>IR</b> - Isoprene, synthetic	<b>MQ</b> - Dimethyl-polysiloxane
	<b>SBR</b> - Styrene-butadiene	<b>FKM</b> - Fluoracarbon rubber
<b>C</b> - Depends on Condition, moderate service may be possible if chemical exposure is limited or infrequent.	<b>CR</b> -Chloroprene	<b>CM</b> - Chloro-polyethylene
	<b>NBR</b> - Nitrile-butadiene	<b>ECO/CO</b> - Ephichlorohydrin
<b>X</b> -Not recommended, unsuitable for service.	<b>IIR</b> -Isobutene-isoprene	<b>EXLPE</b> - Chloro-sulfonyl-polyethylene
<b>I</b> - Insufficient Information, not enough data available at the time of publication to determine rating.	<b>CSM</b> - Chloro-sulfonyl-polyethylene	



TECHNICAL DATA

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:						Special Elastomers:						
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	CM	ECO CO	XLPE
(Maximum Temperature 100° F (38°C) Unless Otherwise Specified												
Acetic Acid, Dilute, 10%	F	C	C	C	A	C	A	A	X	A	F	A
Glacial	C	X	X	X	F	C	F	F	X	A	X	A
Anhydride	C	C	F	F	F	A	I	C	X	A	X	A
Acetone	A	A	F	X	A	F	A	A	X	A	X	A
Acetylene	A	A	F	A	A	F	A	C	A	I	I	I
Air 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	A	A
Aluminum Chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Aluminum Fluoride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F			A	A
Aluminum Sulfate 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Alums 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	I	A
Ammonia Gas	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	X	A	I	A
Ammonium Chloride	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	A
Ammonium Hydroxide	C	F	F	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Ammonium Nitrate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		I	A	A
Ammonium Phosphate, monobasic	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	I	A
dibasic	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		I	I	A
tribasic	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		I	I	A
Ammonium Sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Amyl Acetate	F	X	X	X	F	X	A	A	X	C	X	A
Amyl Alcohol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Aniline, Aniline Oil	X	X	C	X	A	X	C	C	A	C	X	A
Aniline Dyes	F	F	F	F	A	F	C	C			I	I
Asphalt	X	X	F	F	X	F	X		A		A	X
Barium Chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Barium Hydroxide 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Barium Sulfide 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A	A
Beer	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A	A
Beet Sugar Liquors	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	I	A
Benzene, Benzol	X	X	X	C	X	X	X	C	A	C	X	A
Benzine, petroleum ether and												
Benzine, petroleum naphtha	X	X	C	F	X	F	X	C	A		I	A
Black Sulfate Liquor	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		I	I	A
Blast Furnace Gas	C	C	A	C	C	C	C	C	A	I	I	A
Borax	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	I	A
Boric Acid	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A	A
Bromine	X	X	X	X	X	C	X	F	A	C		F
Butane	X	X	F	A	X	A	X	A	A	A	A	A
Butyl Acetate	C	X	X	X	F	X	F	A	X	F	X	A
Butyl alcohol, butanol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	I	A
Calcium bisulfate	C	C	A	A	F	A	F	C	A	A	I	A
Calcium chloride	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Calcium hydroxide	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Calcium hypochlorite	X	X	X	X	A	F	A	C	A	A	F	F
Caliche liquors	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				I	A
Cane sugar liquors	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Carbolic acid, phenol	C	C	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	A		A

Chart is reprinted from 1996 RMA Hose Handbook

TECHNICAL DATA

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:						Special Elastomers:						
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	CM	ECO CO	XLPE
(Maximum Temperature 100° F (38°C) Unless Otherwise Specified												
Carbon dioxide, dry/wet	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Carbon disulfide	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C	A	C		C
Carbon monoxide 150°C (65°C)	C	C	C	C	C	F	C	A	A	I		A
Carbon tetrachloride	X	X	X	C	X	X	X	C	A	C	F	A
Castor oil	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Cellosolve acetate	F	F	X	X	A		A	C	C			A
CFC-12	X	X	A	A	F		F	X	A		A	I
China wood oil, tung oil	X	X	F	A	A	F	A	A	C		I	A
Chlorine, dry/wet	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C	X	X	F
Chlorinated solvents	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C	C	C		A
Chloroacetic acid	X	C	C	C	X	A	I	C	X			A
Chlorosulfonic acid	X	X	C	C	X	X	X	C	X			F
Chromic acid	X	X	X	X	C	A	I	C	C	A		F
Citric acid	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Coke oven gas	C	C	C	C	C	A		A	X	A	X	C
Copper chloride 150°F (65°C)	C	A	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	A	I	A
Copper sulfate 150°F (65°C)	C	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Corn oil	X	C	F	A	A	F	C	A	A	A	A	A
Cottonseed oil	X	C	F	A	A	F	C	A	A	A	I	A
Creosote, coal tar	X	X	F	A	X	F	X	C	F		X	A
Wood	X	X	F	A	X		X	C	A			A
Creosols, cresylic acid	C	X	X	C	C	F	X	C		F		A
Ethers	C	C	C	C	C	F	X	C	X	A		A
Ethyl acetate	F	X	X	X	F	X	F	F	X	F	X	A
Ethyl alcohol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Ethyl cellulose	F	F	F	F	F		F	C	X	F		A
Ethyl chloride	A	F	F	X	A	F	A	C	F	F	F	F
Ethylene glycol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Ferric chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A	A	A
Ferric Sulfate 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Formaldehyde	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A
Formic acid	A	A	C	F	A	A	A	A	X	A	F	F
Fuel oil	X	X	A	A	X	F	X	C	A	F	A	A
Furfural	X	C	C	X	A	F	C	C	X	A	X	A
Gasoline, Non Leaded	X	X	X	A	X	X	X		A	C	A	A
Gasoline, + MTBE	X	X	X	A	X	X	X	C	A	C	A	A
Hi-test-+ MTBE	X	X	X	A	X	X	X	C	A	C	A	A
Gelatin	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	A
Glucose	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	A
Glue	F	F	A	A	F	A	A	A	C		A	A
Glycerine, glycerol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Green sulfate liquor	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
HFC-134A	F	X	A	A	A	F	A		X	F		A

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TECHNICAL DATA

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:												Special Elastomers:											
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	CM	ECO CO	XLPE											
(Maximum Temperature 100° F (38°C) Unless Otherwise Specified																							
Hydraulic fluids																							
Petroleum	X	X	A	A	X	F	X			A	A												
Phosphate ester alkyl	X	X	C	X	A	X	A			A	X												
Phosphate ester arly	X	X	X	X	C	X	C			C	X												
Phosphate ester blends		X	X	X	X	X	X	C			C	X											
Silicate ester	X	X	C	C	X	C	X			C	C												
Water-Glycol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	A	A												
Hydrobromic acid	C	X	C	C	A	A	A	C	A	A		I											
Hydrochloric acid	A	X	X	X	C	C	C	C	A	A	X	A											
Hydrocyanic acid	F	F	C	F	C	A	C	A	A			A											
Hydrofluoric acid	X	X	X	X	C	A	C	X	A	A		A											
Hydrofluosilicic acid	A	F	F	F	A		A	A	A	A		I											
Hydrogen Gas	F	F	A	A	A		A	A	A		A	A											
Hydrogen peroxide	X	X	C	C	C	C	C	A	A	A		I											
Hydrogen sulfide, dry	C	C	F	C	A	A	A	C	F			A											
wet	C	C	F	C	A	A	A	C	C		F	A											
Kerosene	X	X	F	A	X	C	X	C	A	A	A	A											
Lacquers	X	X	X	X	C	X	X		X		X	F											
Lacquers solvents	X	X	X	X	C	X	X		X		X	F											
Lactic acid	C	C	C	C	C	A	C	A	A			A											
Linseed oil	C	X	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Lubricating oil, crude	X	X	F	A	X	C	X	C	A		A	A											
refined	X	X	F	A	X	C	X	C		A	A	A											
Magnesium chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Magnesium hydroxide 150°F (65°C)	A	F	F	F	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	A											
Magnesium sulfate 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Mercuric chloride	F	F	C	F	A	A	A	A	A		A	A											
Mercury	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		A	A											
Methyl alcohol, methanol	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F	A											
Methyl chloride	C	C	C	C	C	X	C	X	A			F											
Methyl ethly ketone	X	X	X	X	F	C	A	C	X	C	X	A											
Methyl isopropyl ketone	X	X	X	X	F	C	C	C	X	F	X	A											
MTBE												A											
Milk	C	C	F	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Mineral oils	X	C	F	A	X	F	X	A	A	A	A	A											
Natural gas	C	C	A	A	C	A	X	C	A	A	A	A											
Nickel chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A											
Nickel sulfate 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A											
Nitric acid, crude	X	X	X	X	C	C	X	X	C	A	X	F											
Diluted 10%	X	X	C	X	C	C	X	X	C	A	X	F											
Concentrated 70%	X	X	X	X	C	C	X	X	C	X	X	F											
Nitrobenzene	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C	F	C	X	A											
Oleic acid	X	F	C	F	F	F	F	A	C	A		A											
Oleum spirits	X	C	C	C			I		C			I											

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TECHNICAL DATA

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:												Special Elastomers:											
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	CM	ECO CO	XLPE											
(Maximum Temperature 100° F (38°C) Unless Otherwise Specified																							
Oxalic acid	F	C	F	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A											
Oxygen	F	C	A	C	A		A	A	A	A	F	A											
Palmitic acid	X	F	A	A	F	F	F	C	A	A	F	A											
Perchlorethylene	X	X	X	C	X	X	X	C	A	C	F	A											
Petroleum oils and crude 200°F (95°C)	X	X	F	A	X	C	X	C	A	C	F	A											
Phosphoric acid, crude	A	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	A	A		A											
pure 45%	A	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	A	A		I											
Picric acid, molten	C	C	C	C	C		I					I											
water solution	A	C	F	F	A	A	I	A	A			I											
Potassium chloride	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Potassium cyanide	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Potassium hydroxide	F	F	C	C	A	A	A	A	C	A	A	A											
Potassium sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Propane	X	X	F	A	X	F	X	A	A	A	A	A											
Sewage	C	C	F	A	C	A	C	C	A		I	A											
Soap solutions	A	A	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Soda ash, sodium carbonate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Sodium bicarbonate, baking soda	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Sodium bisulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Sodium chloride	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Sodium cyanide	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Sodium hydroxide	F	F	C	C	A	C	A	A	C	A	F	A											
Sodium hypochlorite	X	X	X	X	A	F	A	C	A	A	F	F											
Sodium metaphosphate	A	A	C	A	A	F	A	A	A	A	I	A											
Sodium nitrate	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	C		A	A	A											
Sodium perborate	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	A	A			A											
Sodium peroxide	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	C	A			A											
Sodium phosphate.monobasic	A	F	C	F	A	A	A	A	A	A		A											
dibasic	A	F	C	F	A	A	A	A				A											
tribasic	A	F	C	F	A	A	A	A				A											
Sodium silicate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A											
Sodium sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Sodium sulfide	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A											
Sodium thiosulfate, “hypo”	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A											
Soybean oil	X	C	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											
Stannic chloride	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	A	A	I	A											
Steam 450°F (230°C)	C	C	C	C	A	A	F	C	X		X	X											
Stearic acid	X	X	C	F	F	C	F	A	I		F	A											
Sulfur	F	F	A	F	A	A	A	F	A		F	C											
Sulfur chloride	X	X	C	C	X	A	X	C	A			A											
Sulfur dioxide , dry	C	C	C	C	C	A	C	A	A		I	I											
Sulfur trioxide, dry	X	C	C	C	C	F	C	A	A			I											
Sulfuric acid, 10%	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A											

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# TECHNICAL DATA

## ELASTOMERS

### Commonly used Elastomers:

### Special Elastomers:

MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	CM	ECO CO	XLPE
(Maximum Temperature 100° F (38° C) Unless Otherwise Specified)												
11%-75%	C	C	C	C	F	A	C	C	A	A	F	A
76%-95%	X	X	X	X	C	A	X	X	A	X	X	A
fuming	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Sulfurous acid	C	C	C	C	C	A	C	C	A	A	C	A
Tannic acid	A	C	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Tar	X	X	C	C	X	C	X	C	F		F	X
Tartaric acid	A	C	C	C	F	A	F	A	A	A	F	A
Toluene, toluol	X	X	X	C	X	X	X	C	A	C	X	A
Trichloroethylene	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C	A	C	X	A
Turpentine	X	X	X	F	X	X	X	C	A	F	A	A
Vinegar	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	A	A	A		A
Water, acid mine	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Water, fresh	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
distilled	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Whiskey and wines	A	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Xylene,xylol	X	X	X	C	X	X	X	C	A	X	X	A
Zinc chloride	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A
Zinc sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	A

## NOZZLES - SPECS

Nozzle Style & Size	Inlet PSI	Pressure KPA	Straight GPM	Stream IPM	30 GPM	30 IPM	60 GPM	60 IPM	90 GPM	90 IPM
	50	345	18	68	21	79	24	91	27	102
10464	75	517	22	83	25	95	28	106	32	121
1"	100	690	24	91	28	106	32	121	36	136
	50	345	45	170	50	189	55	208	60	227
10464	75	517	50	189	55	208	65	246	75	284
1-1/2"	100	690	55	208	60	227	75	284	85	322
	50	345	90	341	120	454	130	492	145	549
10464	75	517	100	379	140	530	150	568	180	681
2-1/2"	100	690	110	416	165	625	180	681	205	776

### Threads Per Inch

1-1/2" Size	2.100 (NYFD)	1.990 (NST)	2.093 (NYCORP)	1.878 (NPSH)
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### Threads Per Inch

	6"	7"	7-1/2"	8"
	3.058	3.13	2.990 (CHICAGO)	3.062
	3.093		3.062 (NST)	3.093
	3.125		3.125 (DETROIT)	3.140
	3.156			3.156
2-1/2"	3.187			3.312
	3.234			3.031 (NYFD)
	3.250			3.00 (NY CORP)
	3.312			2.841 (NPSH)
	3.062 (PITTSBURGH)			3.78 (CLEVELAND)

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