

GAUGES





INDEX

	THEDMONIETEDS	
\mathcal{O}	THERMOMETERS	 Z

THERMOWELLS 3

TECHNICAL DATA 4-12

GAUGES

PIPE FITTINGS/ VALVES

HOSES

SHEET RUBBER

FIRE PROTECTION

COUPLINGS

DISCLAIMERS

TERMS OF SALE

TERMS:

1/2% 10 Days, net 30 Days

FREIGHT:

All shipments are made FOB Seal Fast Inc. or Point of Manufacturer. (Applies to shipments from Houston Warehouse Only) Freight prepaid on \$1500 Net Couplings and accessories, \$2500 PVC Tubing, Braided Tubing, Fire & Mill hose. Freight prepaid on \$4000 Net Couplings, Rubber Hose, PVC Hose and Sheet Rubber with the exclusion of all PVC Suction including 6" and 8" PVC Suction ONLY orders. If combined with other items freight is prepaid at \$3000 Net, otherwise these items will Not be applied toward prepaid freight. Effective immediately, regardless of invoice value, all uncoupled cut lengths of hoses are shipped FOB Seal Fast Inc. Seal Fast Inc. reserves the right to determine the most Economical shipping method on all prepaid shipments. In addition, Seal Fast Inc. reserves the right to refuse any prepaid shipments exceeding 6% freight cost of the order unless items are added or subtracted to keep said freight cost at or below 6%. Applies to Continental United States, excluding Alaska and Hawaii. Any evidence of shortage must be reported to Seal Fast Inc. within 10 days. Any Damage to hose/hoses, etc. customer is responsible for filing a claim with the delivery carrier within 10 days. Seal Fast Inc. will not issue credit.

ALL UPS prepay and add or collect shipments will endure a \$7.50 shipping and handling fee including All backorders. All drop shipments will endure a \$5.00 fee.

WARRANTY:

Products are warranted against defects in workmanship and defects in material. Products having such defects will be replaced or credited as Seal Fast elects. Liability is limited to the invoice value of the defective item. Our responsibility shall not exceed the original purchase price of the defective product. In any event, Seal Fast, Inc. shall not be held responsible for any special or consequential damages.

RETURNED GOODS:

If for any reason you wish to return goods, please contact Seal Fast Inc. for prior authorization number. Goods must be returned within 30 days and must be in new and resaleable condition. Minimum handling charge is 15%.

All discrepancies in shipment / invoice must be reported within 10 days of receipt of goods.

PROMPT PAYMENT:

Orders receive preferred treatment when the account is paid promptly. Orders may be held up if any unpaid invoice exceeds 30 days.

MINIMUM INVOICE:

All invoices are subject to a minimum billing charge of 50.00 net. Returned checks are subject to a \$25.00 service charge.

GENERAL:

Orders will be accepted subject to delays caused by accident, strike, fire or other causes beyond the control of the seller including failure of seller's suppliers to deliver. Prices, discounts and other specifications are subject to change without notice. All prices are subject to any applicable taxes imposed. The possessions of this price schedule is not to be construed as an offer to sell at the prices shown. Special price for volume quotes will be accepted in writing only.

PLEASE NOTE:

Extra care is taken in the preparation of this literature but Seal Fast, Inc. is not responsible for any inadvertent typographical errors or omissions.

SEAL FAST, INC.

5603 Harvey Wilson Dr. Houston, TX 77020

(713) 675-6324 or 800-231-0734 | FAX (713) 675-0146 or 800-681-1515 | E-mail sales@sealfast.com

DISCLAIMERS

Product Images

- Seal Fast makes every reasonable effort to show accurate product representation, however pictures are for reference only, and do not necessarily reflect the exact product you will receive.
- Seal Fast reserves the right to alter product appearance without notice. Some product features shown in pictures may no longer be available.

Product Specifications

- Seal Fast is continuously working to provide the best quality for the best price.
- We reserve the right to alter product specifications without notice.

Product Usage

- Our Sales Team will do their best to assist in choosing the best product for a particular application. However, it is ultimately the customer's responsibility to determine the correct product for the correct application.
- Seal Fast will not be held liable for the abuse or misuse of our products in a manner in which they are not designed.
- Seal Fast cannot guarantee the integrity of an assembly if other manufacturers parts are used.

Product Availability

• Seal Fast reserves the right to discontinue products at any time without prior notice.

Product Pricing

- Seal Fast is constantly doing our best to maintain pricing levels. However, circumstances change and while many prices go down, others will increase.
- Please contact your sales associate for current pricing.

Custom Made Products

• All custom made product sales are final and Non-Refundable.

Local: (713) 675-6324 II National: (800) 231-0734 Local: (713) 675-6324 III National: (800) 231-0734

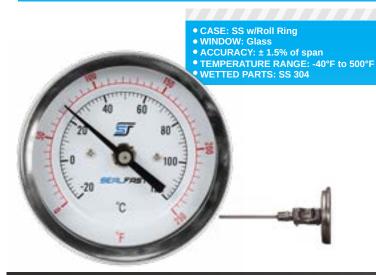


Range / Stem Length	3" SS Ca	ase
Kange / Stem Length	Part #	List
0-250°F X 2 1/2"	3250250	
50-500°F X 2 1/2"	3500250	
0- 250°FX 4"	3250400	
50-500°F X 4"	3500400	
0-250°FX 6"	3250600	
50-500°F X 6"	3500600	
0-250°FX 9"	3250900	
50-500°F X 9"	3500900	

Process connection: 1/2" NPT

5" BIMETAL ADJUSTABLE SS CASE

▶ Applications: Industrial Bimetal thermometers are ideal for most rugged industrial temperature measurement application, such as in Chemical and Petrochemical, Machine and Apparatus Construction, Food and Beverage, & Pulp and Paper industries.



Range / Stem Length	5" SS Adjusta	ble Face
Range / Stem Length	Part #	List
0-250°F X 2 1/2"	5250250ADJ	
50-500°F X 2 1/2"	5500250ADJ	
0- 250°FX 4"	5250400ADJ	
50-500°F X 4"	5500400ADJ	
0-250°FX 6"	5250600ADJ	
50-500°F X 6"	5500600ADJ	
0-250°FX 9"	5250900ADJ	
50-500°F X 9"	5500900ADJ	

Process connection: 1/2" NPT

5" BIMETAL SS CASE

> Applications: Industrial Bimetal thermometers are ideal for most rugged industrial temperature measurement application, such as in Chemical and



Range / Stem Length	5" SS Ca	ase
Kange / Stelli Length	Part #	List
0-250°F X 2 1/2"	5250250	
50-500°F X 2 1/2"	5500250	
0- 250°FX 4"	5250400	
50-500°F X 4"	5500400	
0-250°FX 6"	5250600	
50-500°F X 6"	5500600	
0-250°FX 9"	5250900	
50-500°F X 9"	5500900	

Process connection: 1/2" NPT

STANDARD POCKET

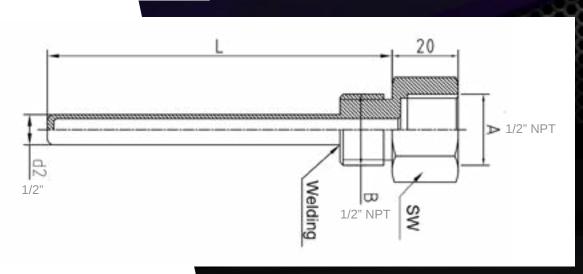


THERMOWELL

▶ Applications: Stainless Steel thermowells are desgined to protect thermometers installed in industrial processe









AUGES

TECHNICAL DATA

CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COUPLING MATERIALS

CAUTION: The following data has been compiled from generally available sources end should not be relied upon without consulting and following the specific recommendations of the manufacturer regarding particular coupling materials

RATINGS: 1. 2.	. Excellent . Good	Fair ConditionalNot Satisfactory		NOTES:	No rationg in	dicates no	data availab	ole			
	AGENT		Mall. From Steel	Brass	Bronze	Aluminum	Glass	Stainless 410, 416, 430	Stainless 302, 202, 304, 308	Stainless 316	Monel
Aceta	ate, Solvent	ts, Crude		3				2	1	1	2
Acet	tate, Solven	nts, Pure		1	1	1		1	1	1	1
	Acetic Ac	cid	Χ	X	X	2	1	X	2	2	2
Ac	cetic Acid	Vapor	Χ	X		3		Χ	2	2	3
A	cetic Anhy	dride	Χ	Х		2		Х	2	2	2
	Acetone	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Acetylen	e	1	2		1		1	1	1	2
	Alcohols	S	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Al	luminum Sı	ulfate	Χ	3	3	3	1	Χ	3	2	2
	Alums		Χ	3	2	3	1	X	3	2	2
	Ammonia (Gas	1	X	3	1	3	1	1	1	X
Am	ımonium Cl	hloride	1	3		1*		3	3	1	1
Amr	monium Hy	droxide	2	Χ		2		1	1	1	3
An	mmonium N	litrate	1	X		2		1	1	1	3
Ammonium	Phosphate	e (Ammoniacal)		Χ				1	1	1	2
Ammoniı	um Phosph	ate (Neutral)		3				1	1	1	2
Ammon	nium Phosp	hate (Acid)		3				3	2	1	2
An	nmonium S	Sulfate	1	3				2	1	1	2
	Asphalt		1	2				2	1	1	1
	Beer		2	2	1	1		Χ	1	1	1
Ве	eet SugarLi	quors	1	2		1		2	1	1	1
В	Benzene, Be	enzol	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Benzine	e (petroleur	m-naphtha)	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
	Borax		2	2				1	1	1	1
	Boric Aci	id	Χ	3		1		3	2	1	1
В	utane, Buty	ylene	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
	Butadien	ie		1				1	1	1	1
C	alcium Bisu	ulfate		Χ				Χ	2	1	X
Calo	cium Hypod	chlorite	3	3	3	Χ	3	Χ	3	2	3
Ca	ne Sugar L	iquors	1	2		1		2	1	1	1
Car	rbon Dioxid	le (Dry)	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Carbon Dio	xide (Wet &	& Aqueous Sol)	2	3		2		2	1	1	2
С	Carbon Disu	ılfide	2	3		2		2	1	1	3
Car	rbon Tetrac	hloride	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1
	Chlorine (D	Dry)	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
	Chlorine (V	Vet)	Χ	X	3	X	2	X	X	3	3
	Chromic A	cid		Χ	Χ	Χ	1	3	2	2	3
	Citric Aci	id	Χ	3		1		3	Χ	1	2
(Coke Oven	Gas	1	3		2		1	1	1	2
	Copper Sul	fate	Χ	X		X		1	1	1	3
	Core Oil	S		1	1			1	1	1	1
	Cottonseed	l Oil	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
	Creosot	e	2	3		1		1	1	1	1
	Ethers		2	1		1		1	1	1	1
E	Ethylene Gl	ycol	2	2				1	1	1	1
	Ferric Chlo		Χ	X	X	X	1	Χ	Χ	X	Χ
	Ferric Sulf		Χ	Х		X		1	1	1	3
	Formaldeh		2	2		2		1	1	1	1

*3 to X at high temperatures. Local: (713) 675-6324

Chemical Chart is reprinted from 1996 RMA Hose Handbook

National: (800) 231-0734

CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COUPLING MATERIALS

CAUTION: The following data has been compiled from generally available sources end should not be relied upon without consulting and following the specific recommendations of the manufacturer regarding particular coupling materials.

RATINGS: 1. Excellent 3. Fair Conditional	NO	TES: No ra				naterials.			
2. Good x. Not Satisfactory			g						
AGENT	Mall. From Steel	Brass	Bronze	Aluminum	Glass	Stainless 410, 416, 430	Stainless 302, 202, 304, 308	Stainless 316	Monel
Formic Acid	X	2		X		Χ	2	1	2
Freon	3	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Furfural	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Gasoline (Sour)	3	3		3		3	1	1	Χ
Gasoline (Refined)	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Gelatin	1	3		1		1	1	1	1
Glucose	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Glue	1	3		1		1	1	1	1
Glycerine or Glycerol	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Hydrochloric Acid	X	Х	Χ	Χ	1	Χ	X	Χ	X
Hydrocyanic Acid	3	X		1		3	1	1	2
Hydrofluoric Acid	Χ	3	3	Χ	X	X	X	X	X
Hydrogen Fluoride		3				X	X	3	1
Hydrogen	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Hyrogen Peroxide	X	X		1		1	2	1	2
Hydrogen Sulfide (Dry)	3	3		2		3	2	1	3
Hydrogen Sulfide (Wet)	3	3		2		3	2	1	3
Lacquers and Lacquer Solvents	3	2		1		1	1	1	1
Lactic Acid	X			3			3	2	1
Lime-Sulfur	2	X		2		1	1	2	
Linseed Oil	1	1		1		•	1	1	1
Magnesium Chloride	3	3		X		3	2	1	1
Magnesium Hydroxide	1	2		X		1	1	1	1
Magnesium Sulfate	2	2		3		1	1	1	1
Mercuric Chloride	3	X		X		X	X	3	X
Mercury	1	X		X		1	1	1	2
Milk	3	3		1		2	1	1	3
Molasses	2	X		2		2	1	1	1
Natural Gas	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Nickel Chloride		X		X		X	3	2	2
Nickel Sulfate	V	3 X	V	X 3	1	3	2	1 2	1 X
Nitric Acid Oleic Acid	X		Χ	1	1	2			
Oralic Acid Oxalic Acid	2	3		2		3	2	1	1
Oxalic Acid Oxygen			1	1		1	1	1	1
Oxygen Palmitic Acid	1	3	1	1		2	2	1	1
Petroleum Oils (Sour)	1	3		1		3	1	1	X
Petroleum Oils (Sour) Petroleum Oils (Refined)	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Phosphoric Acid 25%	3	X	1	3	3	X	3	1	2
Phosphoric Acid 25-50%	X	X		X	3	X	X	2	2
Phosphoric Acid 50-85%	X	X		X	X	X	X	2	2
Picric Acid	3	X		3	^	2	1	1	X
Potassium Chloride	2	3		3		3	2	1	1
Potassium Hydroxide	3	X		X		1	1	1	1
Potassium Hydroxide Potassium Sulfate	2	2		1		1	1	1	1
Propane Propane	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Rosin (Dark)	1	2			1	1	1	1	1
Rosin (Dark) Rosin (Light)	1	X		1	1	1	1	1	2
KUSIII (LIYIII)		^		1		1	1	_	2

*3 to X at high temperatures. Local: (713) 675-6324

Chemical Chart is reprinted from 1996 RMA Hose Handbook National: (800) 231-0734

CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COUPLING MATERIALS

CAUTION: The following data has been compiled from generally available sources end should not be relied upon without consulting and following the specific recommendations of the manufacturer regarding particular coupling materials.

RATINGS: 1. Excellent 3. Fair Condition 2. Good x. Not Satisfact	onal	NOTES: N							
AGENT	Mall. From Steel	Brass	Bronze	Aluminum	Glass	Stainless 410, 416, 430	Stainless 302, 202, 304, 308	Stainless 316	Monel
Shellac		2		2		1	1	1	1
Sludge Acid		Χ				Χ	Χ	3	2
Soda Ash (Sodium Carbonate)	1	2		Χ		1	1	1	1
Sodium Bicarbonate	3	1		Χ		1	1	1	1
Sodium Bisulfate	X	3		3		Χ	1	1	1
Sodium Chloride	2	3	2	Χ	1	3	2	1	1
Sodium Cyanide	2	Χ		Χ		1	1	1	2
Sodium Hydroxide	3	Χ	3	Χ	X	2	2	2	1
Sodium Hypochlorite	X	Χ		Χ		Χ	3	2	3
Sodium Metaphosphate	X	3		1		2	1	1	1
Sodium Nitrate	1	3		1		1	1	1	1
Sodium Perborate	3	3		1		1	1	1	1
Sodium Peroxide	3	3		1		1	1	1	1
Sodium Phosphate (Alkaline)		3				1	1	1	1
Sodium Phosphate (Neutral)		2				1	1	1	1
Sodium Phosphate (Acid)		2				Χ	2	1	1
Sodium Silicate	1	3		X		1	1	1	1
Sodium Sulfate	1	2		3		1	1	1	1
Sodium Sulfide	1	Χ				1	1	1	2
Sodium Thiosulfate (Hypo)	3	Χ		Χ		1	1	1	2
Stearic Acid	3	3		3		2	2	1	1
Sulfate Liquors		Χ				1	1	1	2
Sulfur	2	Χ		2		2	2	1	3
Sulfur Chloride	X	Χ				Χ	3	2	2
Sulfur Dioxide (Dry)	2	1		1		1	1	1	1
Sulfur Dioxide (Wet)		Χ				Χ	2	1	Χ
Sulfuric Acid 10%	Х	Х	3	3		Х	X	2	2
Sulfuric Acid 10-75%	X	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	2
Sulfuric Acid 75-95%	3	Х	X	X		3	3	2	3
Sulfuric Acid 95%	2	X	Χ			2	2	2	Χ
Surlfurous Acid	Х	Х		X		Х	3	2	Х
Tannic Acid	3	3	1	Χ			1	1	1
Tar	1	2		1		2	1	1	1
Toluene, Toluol	1	1		1		1	1	1	1
Trichlorethylene	3	1		3		1	1	1	1
Turpentine		3		1		3	1	1	1
	2	2				1	1	1	1
Vegetable Oils	1	2		1		1	1	1	1
Vinegar	3	3		3		3	2	1	2
Water (Acid Mine Water)	3	Χ		3		2	1	1	3
Water (Fresh)	3	1		1		1	1	1	1
Water (Salt)	3	3	2	Χ		3	2	2	1
Whiskey	X	2				3	1	1	2
Wines	X	2				3	1	1	2
Xylene, Xylol	2	1		1		1	1	1	1
Zinc Chloride	X	Χ		Χ		3	2	1	1
Zinc Sulfate	3	3		3		3	2	1	1

*3 to X at high temperatures.

Local: (713) 675-6324

Chemical Chart is reprinted from 1996 RMA Hose Handbook

National: (800) 231-0734

6

OIL & GASOLINE RESISTANCE

Rubber hose is used to convey petroleum products both in the crude and refined stages. The aromatic content of refined gasoline is often adjusted to control the octane rating. The presence of aromatic hydrocarbons in this fuel generally has a greater effect on rubber components than do aliphatic hydrocarbons. Aromatic materials in contact with rubber tend to soften it and reduce its physical properties. For long lasting service, the buyer of gasoline hose should inform the hose manufacturer of the aromatic content of the fuel to be handled so that the proper tube compound can be recommended for the specific application.

The effects of oil on rubber depend on a number of factors that include the type of rubber compound, the composition of the oil, the temperature and time of exposure. Rubber compounds can be classified as to their degree of oil resistance based on their physical properties after exposure to a standard test fluid. In this RMA classification, the rubber samples are immersed in IRM 903 oil at 100°C for 70 hours. (See ASTM Method D-471 for a detailed description of the oil and the testing procedure.) As a guide to the user of hose in contact with oil, the oil resistance classes and a corresponding description are listed.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES AFTER EXPOSURE TO OIL:

CLASS A	(HIGH OIL RESISTANCE)	VOLUME CHANGE MAXIMUM +25%	TENSILE STRENGTH RETAINED 80%
CLASS B	(MEDIUM/HIGH OIL RESISTANCE)	+65%	50%
CLASS C	(MEDIUM OIL RESISTANCE)	+100%	40%

CHEMICAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The materials being handled by flexible rubber hose are constantly increasing in number and diversity. To assist in the selection of the proper elastomer for the service conditions encountered, the following table has been prepared. The reader is cautioned that it is only a guide and should be used as such, as the degree of resistance of an elastomer with a particular fluid depends upon such variables as temperature, concentration, pressure, velocity of flow, duration of exposure, aeration, stability of the fluid, etc. Also variations in elastomer types and special compounding of stocks to meet specific service conditions have considerable influence on the results obtained. When in doubt, it is always advisable to test the tube compound under actual service conditions. If this is not practical, tests should be devised that simulate service condtions or the hose manufacturer contacted for Recommendations.

The following table lists the more commonly used materials, chemicals, solvents, oils, etc. The recommendation are based on room temperature and pressure conditions normally recommended for the particular type of hose being used. Where conditions beyond this can be met readily, they have been so indicated; where conditions are not normal and cannot be readily met, the hose manufacturer should always be consulted. The table does not imply conformance to the Food & Drug Administration requirements of Federal or State Laws when handling food products.

TABLE OF CHEMICAL, OIL & SOLVENT RESISTANCE OF HOSE:

WARNING: The following data has been compiled from generally available sources and should not be relied upon without consulting and following the hose manufacturer's specific chemical recommendations. Neglecting to do so might result in failure of the hose to fulfill its intended purpose, and may result in possible damage to property and serious bodily injury

RESISTANCE RATING

- A Good Resistance, usually suitable for service.
- F Fair Resistance, the chemical has some deteriorative effects, but the elastomer is still adequate for moderate service.
- C- Depends on Condition, moderate service may be possible if chemical exposure is limited or infrequent.
- X-Not recommended, unsuitable for service.
- I Insufficient Information, not enough data available at the time of publication to determine rating.

RELASTOMERS/PLASTICS

NR - Natural Rubber **IR** - Isoprene, synthetic **SBR** - Styrene-butadiene

CR-Chloroprene **NBR** - Nitrile-butadiene

IIR-Isobutene-isoprene **CSM** - Chloro-sulfonyl-

polyethylene

EPDM - Ethylene-propylenediene-terpolymer MQ - Dimethyl-polysiloxane

FKM-Fluoracarbon rubber **CM** - Chloro-polyethylene ECO/CO-Ephichlorohydrin

EXLPE- Chloro-sulfonvlpolyethylene

National: (800) 231-0734 Local: (713) 675-6324

TECHNICAL DATA

ELASTOMERS

ommonly used Elastomers:									Special	Elastor	ners:	
MATERIAL	NR Ior IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	СМ	ECO CO	XL
		(1	∕laximuı	n Tempe	erature	100° F (3	38°C) Un	less Ot	herwise	Specifie	ed	
Acetic Acid, Dilute, 10%	F	С	С	С	Α	С	A	Α	X	Α	F	1
Glacial	С	X	X	Χ	F	С	F	F	X	Α	X	
Anhydride	С	С	F	F	F	Α	I	С	X	Α	X	
Acetone	Α	Α	F	Χ	Α	F	Α	Α	Χ	Α	X	
Acetylene	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	F	Α	С	Α	1	- 1	
Air 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	
Aluminum Chloride 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	
Aluminum Fluoride 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	F			Α	
Aluminum Sulfate 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	А	Α	Α	Α	I	
Alums 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	ı	
Ammonia Gas	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	X	Α	I	
Ammonium Chloride	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	С	A	A	Α	
Ammonium Hydroxide	С	F	F	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A	1	
Ammonium Nitrate	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		ı	A	
Ammonium Phosphate, monobasic	A	A	Α	Α	A	A	A	A		Α		
dibasic	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		ı	1	
tribasic	A	A	Α	Α	A	A	A	A		1		
Ammonium Sulfate	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	
Amyl Acetate	F	Χ	Χ	Χ	F	Χ	А	А	Χ	С	Χ	
Amyl Alcohol	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	А	А	Α	А	
Aniline, Aniline Oil	X	X	C	X	A	X	C	C	A	C	X	
Aniline Dyes	F	F	F	F	A	F	С	С				
Asphalt	X	X	F	F	X	F	X		Α		A	
Barium Chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	Α	Α	A	A	A	Α	A	Α	A	
	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Barium Hydroxide 150°F (65°C)	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	
Barium Sulfide 150°F (65°C)	А	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	ı	Α	
Beer	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	- 1	Α	
Beet Sugar Liquors	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Т	1	
Benzene, Benzol	X	X	X	С	Χ	X	Χ	С	Α	С	X	
Benzine, petroleum ether and												
Benzine, petroleum naphtha	Х	X	С	F	Χ	F	Х	С	Α		I	
Black Sulfate Liquor	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α		- 1	- 1	
Blast Furnace Gas	С	С	Α	С	С	С	С	С	Α	ı	1	
Borax	А	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	-1	- 1	
Boric Acid	Α	Α	А	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	- 1	Α	
Bromine	X	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	С	Χ	F	Α	С		
Butane	X	X	F	Α	Χ	Α	X	Α	Α	Α	А	
Butyl Acetate	С	X	Χ	Χ	F	X	F	Α	X	F	Χ	
Butyl alcohol, butanol	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	F	- 1	
Calcium bisulfate	С	С	Α	Α	F	Α	F	С	Α	Α	I	
Calcium chloride	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
Calcium hydroxide	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
Calcium hypochlorite	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	Α	F	Α	С	А	Α	F	
Caliche liquors	Α	A	A	A A	A	A	A	А			I A	
Cane sugar liquors	Α								Α	Α		

ELASTOMERS

Local: (713) 675-6324

Commonly used Elastomers:									Special	Elasto	ners:	
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	СМ	ECO CO	XLF
		(Ma	aximum	Temper	ature 1	00° F (38	3°C) Unle	ss Oth	erwise S	pecified	d	
Carbon dioxide, dry/wet	А	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	А
Carbon disulfide	X	X	X	X	X	X	Χ	С	Α	С		С
Carbon monoxide 150°C (65°C)	С	С	С	С	С	F	С	А	А	I		А
Carbon tetrachloride	X	X	X	С	Χ	X	Χ	С	Α	С	F	Α
Castor oil	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Cellosolve acetate	F	F	X	X	Α		А	С	С			Α
CFC-12	X	X	Α	Α	F		F	Χ	Α		Α	I
China wood oil, tung oil	X	X	F	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	С		- 1	Α
Chlorine, dry/wet	X	Χ	Χ	X	Χ	X	Χ	Χ	С	Χ	Χ	F
Chlorinated solvents	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	С	С	С		А
Chloroacetic acid	X	С	С	С	X	A	I	С	X			Α
Chlorosulfonic acid	X	X	С	С	X	X	X	С	X			F
Chromic acid	X	X	X	X	С	A	I	С	С	A		F
Citric acid	А	Α	А	F	А	А	А	Α	А	А	А	A
Coke oven gas	С	С	С	С	С	А		Α	X	Α	X	C
Copper chloride 150°F (65°C)	С	Α	F	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	1	Α
Copper sulfate 150°F (65°C)	С	Α	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Corn oil	X	С	F	Α	Α	F	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Cottonseed oil	X	С	F	Α	Α	F	С	А	А	А	1	Δ
Creosote, coal tar	X	Χ	F	А	Χ	F	Χ	С	F		Х	Α
Wood	X	X	F	Α	X		X	С	Α			Α
Creosols, cresylic acid	С	X	X	С	С	F	X	С		F		Α
Ethers	С	С	С	С	С	F	X	С	X	Α		Α
Ethyl acetate	F	Χ	Χ	Χ	F	Χ	F	F	Χ	F	Χ	Α
Ethyl alcohol	А	Α	А	Α	Α	А	Α	А	А	Α	Α	Δ
Ethyl cellulose	F	F	F	F	F		F	С	X	F		Δ
Ethyl chloride	А	F	F	Χ	Α	F	Α	С	F	F	F	F
Ethylene glycol	А	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α
Ferric chloride 150°F (65°C)	А	Α	А	Α	А	А	А	Α	1	Α	Α	Α
Ferric Sulfate 150°F (65°C)	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Formaldehyde	А	Α	С	А	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	F	Δ
Formic acid	А	Α	С	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	X	Α	F	F
Fuel oil	X	Χ	Α	Α	Χ	F	X	С	А	F	Α	Α
Furfural	X	С	С	X	Α	F	С	С	Χ	Α	X	Α
Gasoline, Non Leaded	X	Χ	X	Α	Χ	X	X		Α	С	Α	Δ
Gasoline, + MTBE	X	Χ	X	Α	Χ	X	Χ	С	Α	С	Α	Α
Hi-test-+ MTBE	X	Χ	Χ	Α	Χ	X	Χ	С	Α	С	Α	А
Gelatin	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	А
Glucose	А	А	А	А	Α	А	А	А	А		А	Α
Glue	F	F	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	Α	С		Α	Δ
Glycerine, glycerol	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	А
Green sulfate liquor	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
HFC-134A	F	X	А	Α	Α	F	А		X	F		Α

TECHNICAL DATA

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:									Special	Elastor	ners:	
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	СМ	ECO CO	XLF
		(1	Maximur	n Tempe	rature	100° F (3	38°C) Un	less Ot	herwise	Specifie	ed	
Hydraulic fluids												
Petroleum	Χ	Х	Α	Α	X	F	Х			Α	Α	
Phosphate ester alkyl	Χ	X	С	X	Α	X	А			Α	X	
Phosphate ester arly	Χ	X	X	X	С	X	С	_		С	X	
Phosphate ester blends	.,	X	X	X	X	X	X	С			С	>
Silicate ester	Χ	Х	С	С	Х	С	Χ			С	С	
Water-Glycol	Α	А	Α	А	А	А	Α		А	Α	А	
Hydrobromic acid	С	X	С	С	Α	Α	Α	С	Α	Α		
Hydrochloric acid	Α	X	X	Χ	С	С	С	С	Α	Α	X	1
Hydrocyanic acid	F	F	С	F	С	Α	С	Α	Α			-
Hydrofluoric acid	Χ	X	X	X	С	А	С	Χ	А	Α		1
Hydrofluosilicic acid	Α	F	F	F	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α		
Hydrogen Gas	F	F	Α	Α	Α		Α	Α	Α		Α	-
Hydrogen peroxide	Χ	X	С	С	С	С	С	Α	Α	Α		
Hydrogen sulfide, dry	С	С	F	С	Α	Α	Α	С	F		_	/
wet	С	С	F	С	Α	Α	А	С	С		F	1
Kerosene	Χ	Χ	F	А	Χ	С	Χ	С	А	Α	А	,
Lacquers	X	X	X	X	C	X	X		X	, ,	X	1
Lacquers solvents	X	X	X	X	С	X	X		X		X	-
Lactic acid	С	С	С	С	С	Α	С	Α	Α			
Linseed oil	С	X	F	А	Α	А	А	Α	Α	Α	А	1
Lubricating oil, crude	Χ	X	F	Α	Χ	С	Χ	С	Α		Α	1
refined	Χ	X	F	Α	Χ	С	Х	С		Α	Α	/
agnesium chloride 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
agnesium hydroxide 150°F (65°C)	A	F	F	F	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	,
agnesium sulfate 150°F (65°C)	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	А	А	А	А	Α	
Mercuric chloride	F	F	С	F	А	А	А	А	А		А	
Mercury	A	A	A	Α	A	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	
Methyl alcohol, methanol	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	Α	F	
Methyl chloride	С	С	С	С	С	X	С	Χ	Α			
Methyl ethly ketone	Χ	X	Χ	Χ	F	С	Α	С	X	С	Χ	
Methyl isopropyl ketone	Χ	X	X	Χ	F	С	С	С	X	F	X	1
MTBE												/
Milk	С	С	F	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α	1
Mineral oils	Χ	С	F	А	Χ	F	Χ	Α	Α	Α	Α	-
Natural gas	С	С	Α	Α	С	Α	X	С	Α	Α	Α	A
Nickel chloride 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	-
Nickel sulfate 150°F (65°C)	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		/
Nitric acid, crude Diluted 10%	X	X	X C	X	C	C	X	X	C	A	X	I
Concentrated 70%	X	X	X	X	С	C	X	X	С	A X	X	F
Nitrobenzene	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C	F	C	X	1
Oleic acid	X	F	C	F	F	F	F	A	С	A		<i>F</i>
SIGIC ACIU	/\		0			1	1	$\overline{}$	0	$\overline{}$,

Chart is reprinted from 1996 RMA Hose Handbook

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:									Special	Elaston	ners:	
MATERIAL	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	СМ	ECO CO	XLPE
		(Ma	aximum	Temper	ature 1	00° F (38	3°C) Unle	ss Oth	erwise S	pecified		
Oxalic acid	F	С	F	F	Α	А	А	Α	Α	А	F	Α
Oxygen	F	С	Α	С	Α		Α	Α	Α	Α	F	А
Palmitic acid	X	F	Α	Α	F	F	F	С	А	Α	F	Α
Perchlorethylene	X	Χ	X	С	X	Χ	Χ	С	Α	С	F	Α
Petroleum oils and crude 200°F (95°C)	X	X	F	Α	X	С	Χ	С	Α	С	F	Α
Phosphoric acid, crude	А	С	С	С	С	Α	С	С	Α	Α		Α
pure 45%	А	С	С	С	С	Α	С	С	Α	Α		I
Picric acid, molten	С	С	С	С	С		I					I
water solution	А	С	F	F	Α	А	I	А	А			I
Potassium chloride	А	А	Α	Α	Α	А	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Potassium cyanide	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	Α	Α
Potassium hydroxide	F	F	С	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	Α	Α	Α
Potassium sulfate	А	А	Α	А	Α	А	А	Α	Α	А	А	Α
Propane	X	X	F	Α	Χ	F	X	Α	Α	Α	А	Α
Sewage	С	С	F	Α	С	Α	С	С	Α		I	Α
Soap solutions	A	Α	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Soda ash, sodium carbonate	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Sodium bicarbonate, baking soda	А	А	Α	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	А
Sodium bisulfate	А	Α	А	Α	А	А	А	Α	А	А	А	Α
Sodium chloride	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Sodium cyanide	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Sodium hydroxide	F	F	С	С	Α	С	Α	Α	С	Α	F	Α
Sodium hypochlorite	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	Α	F	Α	С	А	А	F	F
Sodium metaphosphate	А	Α	С	Α	Α	F	Α	Α	А	Α	- 1	Α
Sodium nitrate	C	C	С	C	A	A	A	C		A	A	A
Sodium perborate	С	С	С	С	A	A	A	A	Α	, ,	,,	Α
Sodium peroxide	С	С	С	С	Α	Α	Α	С	Α			Α
Sodium phosphate.monobasic	A	F	С	F	Α	А	А	А	Α	А		А
dibasic	А	F	С	F	А	А	А	А				А
tribasic	А	F	С	F	Α	Α	Α	Α				Α
Sodium silicate	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	А	Α	1	Α
Sodium sulfate	А	А	Α	А	Α	А	А	Α	А	Α	Α	Α
Sodium sulfide	А	А	Α	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	1	Α
Sodium thiosulfate, "hypo"	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	А	А		А
Soybean oil	X	C	F	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Stannic chloride	A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	A	A		A
Steam 450°F (230°C)	С	C	С	С	A	A	F	С	X		X	X
Stearic acid	X	X	С	F	F	С	F	A	1		F	Α
Sulfur	F	F	A	F	A	А	Α	F	Α		F	С
Sulfur chloride	X	X	С	С	Χ	Α	X	С	Α			Α
Sulfur dioxide , dry	С	С	С	С	С	Α	С	Α	А		ı	ı
Sulfur trioxide, dry	X	С	С	С	С	F	С	Α	Α			- 1
Sulfuric acid, 10%	А	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α

Local: (713) 675-6324 10 National: (800) 231-0734 Local: (713) 675-6324 11 National: (800) 231-0734

ELASTOMERS

Commonly used Elastomers:									Special Elastomers:					
MATERIA	L	NR lor IR	SBR	CR	NBR	IIR	CSM	EPDM	MQ	FKM	СМ	ECO CO	XLPI	
					m Tempe		100° F (erwise	Specifie			
11%-75%		С	С	С	С	F	Α	С	С	А	А	F	Α	
76%-95%		Х	Χ	Χ	Х	С	Α	X	X	Α	X	X	Α	
fuming		Х	Χ	Χ	X	Χ	X	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
Sulfurous acid		С	С	С	С	С	Α	С	С	Α	Α	С	Α	
Tannic ac	id	А	С	Α	С	А	А	А	А	А	А	I	Α	
Tar		Χ	X	С	С	X	С	Χ	С	F		F	X	
Tartaric acid		А	С	С	С	F	Α	F	A	Α	Α	F	Α	
Toluene, toluol		X	X	X	С	Χ	X	X	С	Α	С	X	Α	
Trichloroethylene		Х	X	X	X	Х	X	X	С	Α	С	X	Α	
Turpentine		X	Χ	Χ	F	Χ	Χ	X	С	А	F	Α	Α	
Vinegar		С	С	С	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		Α	
Water, acid mine		Α	Α	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	ı	Α	
Water, fresh		Α	Α	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	
distilled		Α	Α	С	A	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A	Α	
Whiskey and	wines	А	А	А	С	А	Α	А	А	А	А	ı	Α	
Xylene.xylol		X	Χ	Χ	С	Χ	Χ	X	С	А	Χ	Χ	А	
Zinc chloride		С	С	С	С	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	1	Α	
Zinc sulfate		А	Α	А	А	Α	А	А	А	А	А	1	Α	
DZZLES - SPECS														
Nozzle Style & Size		Inlet PSI		ssure PA	Straight GPM		tream IPM	30 GPM	30 IPM	60 GPN	60 // IPM	90 GPM	9i	
		50		45	18		68	21	79	24	91	27	10	
10464		75	517		22		83	25	95	28	106	32	12	
1"		100	690		24		91	28	106	32	121	36	13	
		50	345		45		170	50	189	55	208	60	22	
10464		75	517		50		189	55	208	65	246	75	28	
1-1/2"		100	690		55		208	60	227	75	284	85	32	
		50	3	45	90		341	120	454	130	492	145	54	
10464		75	517		100		379	140	530	150	568	180	68	
2-1/2"		100	690		110		416	165	625	180	681	205	77	
				Threa	ds Per Ir	nch								
1-1/2" Size	2.100 (N		1.990 (NST)			2.093 (NYCORP)				1.878 (NPSH)				
				Threa	ds Per Ir	nch								
	6"				7"			7-1/2"			8"			
		3.058		3.13			2.990 (CHICAGO)				3.062			
3.093 3.125								3.062 (NST)			3.093			
							3.1	25 (DETR	TROIT)		3.140			
		3.156										156		
2-1/2"		3.187										312		
		3.234										(NYFD)		
		3.250									3.00 (N		')	
		3.312										(NPSH)		
	2 062 (DITTE	62 (DITTSDLIDGU)								1 2	70 (()	=\/EI	רח	

3.78 (CLEVELAND)

3.062 (PITTSBURGH)